DEALING WITH ACCIDENTS AND EMERGENCIES

Policy Statement
This organisation recognises its responsibility to ensure that all reasonable precautions are taken to provide working conditions which are safe, healthy and compliant with all statutory requirements and codes of practice. However, the organisation recognises that accidents are, even in the safest of working environments, from time to time inevitable, despite the best efforts of staff, service users, relatives and other professionals to prevent them. Such occurrences must be handled by the organisation and by its staff so as to minimise threat and injury to all, including service users, relatives and the general public. They must also be reported and the reports acted upon by the organisation so that accidents can be minimised in the future and the organisation and staff can learn from their experiences.

To this end the organisation adheres fully to Outcome 4: Care and Welfare of People who use Services of the Essential Standards of Quality and Safety and Regulation 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2010 which relates to the Registered person must have procedures in place for dealing with emergencies which are reasonably expected to arise from time to time and which would if they arose, affect or be likely to affect, the provision of services.

The organisation understands "accidents and emergencies" to cover an accident of injury to a member of staff or a service user or relative, including health and safety accidents such as trips, falls and cuts. Fires are dealt with in a separate Fire Policy. Dealing with aggression and violence is dealt with in a separate Dealing with Aggression and Violence Policy. The rendering of first aid is dealt with in a separate First Aid Policy.

Aim of the Policy
This policy is intended to set out the values, principles and policies underpinning this organisation's approach to an accident, emergency or crisis.

The goals of the organisation are to ensure that:

- all accidents and incidents are appropriately dealt with
- all accidents and incidents involving injury to staff or service users are reported and recorded, no matter how minor
- all reported accidents or incidents are fully investigated
the results and recommendations from investigations are fully implemented to prevent any re-occurrence of such incidents

the organisation complies fully with the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (RIDDOR).

Action to be Taken in the Event of an Accident or Injury

In the event of an accident, incident or emergency staff should take the following action:

- In the event of a minor injury or health related incident the First Aid Policy should be followed and first aid care rendered according to the situation and the member of staff's capabilities and training. Following such an incident an incident or accident form should be completed and the service user's GP informed.

- In the event of an injury where medical attention is considered advisable or necessary, the service user's GP or an ambulance should be called as appropriate. If there is any doubt about the need for medical attention, an ambulance should be called immediately and arrangements should be made to take the casualty to hospital. If the first-aider, or home care worker, decides that an ambulance is appropriate, they should follow the procedure below:

  1. Call 999 and make arrangements for an ambulance to be sent immediately. It is essential that the precise location of the occurrence is given and the nearest point of access for the ambulance suggested.

  2. Make arrangements for the ambulance to be met by a relative or other person as appropriate and if available.

  3. Ensure that the service user is accompanied to hospital, when appropriate; by a responsible person and that they contact the organisation's main office soon after arrival at the hospital, to give updated information on the condition and location of the casualty.

  4. Contact the main office or a line manager to report the incident and make arrangement for the appropriate forms to be completed.

Note: If a Support worker is unsure about the course of action to take, or in the event of complications (such as having to accompany the service user themselves) then they should contact their line manager or the main office for advice.

The support worker, or first aider, attending to the casualty should then ensure that the line managers/head office is notified of the accident/illness, as appropriate.
The responsible line manager should then ensure that arrangements are made for relatives or friends of the casualty to be advised fully of the situation, if necessary, and to ensure that an incident report form and any other relevant paperwork is completed as soon as possible.

In the event of an injury requiring first aid, where a fire is reported, where there is violence or aggression or where a service user goes missing, then the appropriate policy should be followed.

**Accident or Incident Reporting**

In this organisation all accidents, incidents, emergencies and "near misses" must be recorded and reported to the management using a standard incident form. Accident and incident reports should then be dealt with according to the Accident Reporting Policy.

Employers must by law notify certain categories of accidents, specified cases of ill health and specified dangerous occurrences to the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) or the local authority (LA) to comply with the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (RIDDOR).

A written record should be kept of any accident or incident, however minor, which occurs in the organisation. Refer to Reporting of Accidents Policy.

**Training**

The Training Manager is responsible for organising and co-ordinating training.

All staff receive induction training in the organisation's policy for dealing with accidents and emergencies.

*Dealing with so called challenging behaviour* is included in the induction training for all new staff. These sessions should cover the drill of how staff should act in an emergency situation. All employees of the organisation are given adequate training and information on accidents at work and how to avoid them.